

THE GLOBE-REPUBLICAN.
OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY

Published every Wednesday
By the Globe-Republican Publishing Co.

Entered at the Postoffice at Dodge City,
Kansas, for transmission through the mails
as second-class matter.

Rates of Subscription:
(In Advance.)
One year.....\$1.50 Three months.....50
Six months..... 75 Single copies.....5

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Parties who find an X after their name on
the margin of the paper or wrapper, may
know that their subscription has expired and
is due. All such are kindly solicited to re-
mit to us the amount of the same.

D. M. FROST, L. A. LAUBER,
Editor and Manager, Asst. Editor and Man.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 1, 1890

EDITORS who wish to honor D. M. Frost by sending him a personal exchange will please change his address from Dodge City to "Garden City, Kansas." We appreciate your liberality, but one paper of a kind is all we have any use for.

If you desire to realize the highest market price for your corn, feed it to cattle and hogs and when good and fat, slaughter them for the market and you will realize the highest market price not only for your corn but your beef and pork as well.

J. W. GREGORY, of Garden City, got the ear of the president last week and talked irrigation for all there was in it. The judge is at Washington pressing the irrigation problem on congress for early action, which we hope it may take and give the far west farmers the relief asked for.

CONGRESSMAN PETERS has decided upon three presidential postmasters in his district, which he recommended to the president for appointment. Judge H. N. Lester for Syracuse, W. S. Hebron, for Kinsley and Samuel H. Nesbitt for Anthony, will no doubt receive their respective appointments early in the week.

A PRAIRIE fire got out south of town Friday afternoon and threatened the city. Smoke, dust and cinders were blowing about the streets and the breeze then blowing served to increase uneasiness. No damage was done beyond the burning of pasture lands, but the necessity of fire guards was painfully apparent.—Ashland Journal.

The Kansas delegation was not caught napping. Even though there were only a few days in which to work before the holiday adjournment, yet every member from that state went home with a long list of bills already introduced, and not one of them can be accused of neglecting the interests of his constituents or of the state. The Kansas members have very long heads, and it is necessary for them to have, representing as they do one of the most progressive and wide-awake states in the union.—K. C. Globe.

WICHITA, Kan., December 30th.—An appeal for help comes from the people of Sherman county, in the western part of the state. The cold snap which prevailed in this section Saturday seems to have developed into a blizzard out west and anywhere from a foot to three feet of snow covers the ground.

The above is an outrageous falsehood. There has been a marked change in the temperature in the past few days but at no time this winter has the thermometer ranged lower than ten degrees above zero, and as for snow, we have had none in this section of Kansas since the 25th day of November, 1889.

If farming does not pay in this country where does it pay? J. R. Stillwagon, of Sherlock, recently threshed nine acres of alfalfa, getting eighty-one bushels of seed—an average of nine bushels per acre. A part of the seed he sold at \$4.00 per bushel, or \$36.00 per acre. From this piece he cut three crops of hay, averaging six tons per acre for the three cuttings, worth at present \$3.00 per ton, or \$18.00 per acre. The expense of irrigation, harvesting and threshing the crop is about \$4.00 per acre, giving Mr. Stillwagon a clear profit of \$50.00 an acre. Is there any money in farming under irrigation in southwest Kansas.—Garden City Sentinel.

The above ought to serve as notice to many of the farmers in Ford county that they can make a like return if some of their fields were sowed to alfalfa. We hope our farmers under the irrigating ditches will test this crop next season.

On the first page of this week's paper appears a lengthy article which will be continued for four or five issues, and which needs no special comment. The article is written by the editor of the Kansas Farmer, and is prefaced by the following explanation:

"The Way Out" is begun in the Kansas Farmer this week. It may be proper to explain that it was deemed best to consider first the general condition of labor and of the agricultural industry in particular, showing where we are and how we got here. This is part 1 of the work, and introduction.

Part 2 is "The Proposition," a statement and discussion of the proper functions of money. That will run through two numbers of the paper, probably, and then we will all be ready to study "The Way Out" proper, which will all appear in one number of the paper. After that, "Objections" and "Advantages" will follow to close.

PROSPERITY COMING.
The Atchison Champion thinks that the state of Kansas is entering upon an era of unprecedented prosperity. There is every indication that this prediction will prove true. In fact the state is prosperous now, and only the stringency in financial circles in all parts of the country causes the least depression now. In every part of the state immense crops were raised, and everywhere there is plenty. Could the farmers realize a fair price for what they have there would be no cause for complaint from any part of the state.

But while it is true that very low prices must be taken for whatever is sold, it is equally true that what is to be purchased can be had at lower prices than usual. While the latter does not compensate for the former on account of the great amount of produce that is for sale, yet it goes far toward it, and were it not for the fact that the farmers are many of them in debt they would do very nicely even as matters are now.

And it is the small and what in good times would be insignificant debts that are now burdening the farmers and causing them trouble. So far as the real estate mortgage indebtedness is concerned, there is no cause for alarm. The land of Kansas would pay all of that without an effort on the part of the farmers and without a plow being put into the ground. And the other debts will be paid without trouble, too, only they are pressing, and the farmers do not like to let their crops go at prices that are nothing less than a sacrifice in order to secure the money to pay them. But reports from all parts of the state are to the effect that these small debts, which are generally secured by chattle mortgages, are being rapidly paid. In McPherson county alone there were 1,500 chattle mortgages canceled last month. At such a rate as this it will not be long until all is paid, and when the farmers have succeeded in clearing themselves of the burden they will be comparatively free.

There is enough corn, wheat, oats, hogs and cattle in the state to make times not only easy but good, and if they are not sold it is because the farmer can better afford to hold them for higher prices. But when that which is ready for the markets in Kansas is sold there will be enough money in the state to not only relieve the pressing needs of the farmer and the merchant, but enough to make money plenty and debts scarce.

There need be no fear for the future in Kansas. The energy and industry of the people will make any state prosperous, and they will not have long to wait for the prosperity that is sure to come to them.—Kansas City Globe.

MOUNT PLEASANT ITEMS.

John Hopkins has gone east on a visit for the winter. The "school marm" could not go until her term is out.

Milton Stanley will be home in a few days from an extended trip to Indiana.

C. Stanley is going to Emporia, Kansas, in a few days to visit friends.

Mr. Ames, one of Sedgwick county's teachers, was up last week to see his best girl, one of Ford county's best teachers.

The pastor of the Free Methodist church has not come yet. Rev. Stanley has been of late supplying for him.

Messrs. Bratley and Bigger have been in Sedgwick county doing some work for the last month or two, but will be home now in a few days.

Mrs. Howe, by the help of some of the neighbors, has erected a new residence and moved into it.

The school at this place has a two weeks' vacation. The teacher, Miss Marrow, is doing good work and everybody is satisfied.

It is reported that Mr. Lockman, who went from here to Missouri a few weeks ago, got through with one cow and she ate up a wagon sheet and died at once. The way of the transgressor is hard.

Nearly all the water subscribers of this community who did not go to Missouri or some other place, have settled for the water they used last summer. None paid in full but all paid for all they got. Notwithstanding the fact that there is an abundance of water in the river, there has been none in the ditch this fall, except enough to fill the pond north of town. It is very desirable that some good company shall be induced to buy the canal in time to put it in order to furnish water for the coming crop season. But by all means, land for corn should have been soaked this fall.

SIMPLE SIMON.

WRIGHT DOINGS.

—Mrs. Stapleton spent Christmas in Dodge City.

Mrs. Kuelow and children are sojourning in Wright at present.

Mr. Boardman made a flying trip to Ness county last week. He brought his daughters, Misses Grace and Alice, home to spend the holidays.

George Warfield made final proof on his claim last Saturday.

Our Sabbath school gave a Christmas tree and social supper on Christmas eve, and had a fine time.

Miss Eva Bondurant is the champion walker of Wright. She walked to Dodge City, a distance of fourteen miles, last Wednesday. George Warfield is next best pedestrian. He thought to outdo Miss Eva, but was satisfied with walking into town, and rode home with Mr. Wagely.

SAINT JOHN'S DAY.

St. Bernard Lodge No. 222, A. F. & A. M., Celebrates the Day in Grand Style.

As early as half past seven Friday evening Masons, their wives and daughters, and invited friends began gathering in the Masonic hall, until at 8:30 o'clock fully three hundred people had been comfortably seated in the beautiful lodge room of St. Bernard Lodge. The occasion was the annual installation of officers elected for the ensuing year. Miss Minnie Sheldon presided at the organ, and keeping time to the lovely strains of the "Masonic Grand March," the officers elect marched in and took their positions at the altar.

Bro. M. W. Sutton introduced the ceremonies with a very appropriate address, and in behalf of St. Bernard Lodge and the citizens of Dodge City extended to the visiting brothers and invited guests a hearty welcome.

The installation ceremonies were beautiful and very interesting, and were conducted by Bro. R. F. Seoffen, of Bucklin, Bro. C. M. Beeson acting as Grand Marshal. The following persons were installed:

W. M.—C. W. Willett.
S. W.—W. H. Chapman.
J. W.—C. W. Averill.
Treasurer—H. J. Meane.
Secretary—J. C. Baird.
S. D.—Dr. O. H. Simpson.
J. D.—H. H. Harrington.
S. S.—Dr. S. Jay Crumblin.
J. S.—J. Glasford.
Tyler—Jacob Schlickerman.

Following the installation the audience were favored with a most beautiful address by Grand Orator Rev. S. E. Busser, of Topeka, who spoke on the subject of "Masonic Manhood," going back to the very beginning of the order, giving first a complete history and then dwelling upon the grand results of Masonry and its effect upon mankind. Referring to the remark frequently made by outside parties that all Masons were not angels, Mr. Busser said he admitted that once in a while a "black sheep" found his way into the Order, but, said he, "there is one glorious truth, no Mason ever goes to the bad ignominiously." The lessons taught in the journey from the "cradle to the grave" must ever remain fresh in the memory of man. He remembers his obligations and reaps the joys and pleasures resulting, or he does the opposite and suffers lasting remorse. The address was much enjoyed by all, and the wish expressed by many that they might again be favored by this eloquent speaker.

At the conclusion of this address Messrs. Lauber, Garland, Clumpett and Harl sang "A Welcome Meeting," especially suited to the occasion, and were followed by Miss Lucy Baird, who recited the very beautiful and appropriate poem, "We meet upon the level, and part upon the square," in a noble and perfect manner, being greeted with a hearty and prolonged applause. Miss Baird has rare elocutionary powers and never fails to please an audience.

At the conclusion of the exercises Bro. J. T. Whitelaw, in a neat and purely original way, on behalf of St. Bernard Lodge presented Worshipful Master Willett with an elegant jewel emblematic of the order. Mr. Willett was taken completely by surprise, and could only respond by giving his heartfelt thanks for this most handsome recognition.

The banquet at the Delmonico was one of Mr. Heinz' best efforts. The tables were well supplied with both substantial and delicacies, and each plate adorned with a lovely and costly embossed menu folder. On the large mirrors on either side of the dining hall were neatly executed mottoes and designs emblematic of the Masonic order, giving the grandest effect possible. About two hundred couples did full justice to the following menu:

Stewed Oysters, New York Counts raw with Celery, Fried Oysters.
Young Turkey with Cranberry Sauce, Ox Tongue, Sugar-Cured Ham, Corned Beef.
Chicken Salad, Shrimp Salad, Lobster Salad.
Mixed Pickles, Worcestershire Sauce, Horse Radish, Tomato Catsup.
Wheat Bread, Rye Bread, Graham Bread, Hot Rolls.
Chocolate Cake, Coconut Cake, Jelly Roll, Pound Cake.
California Oranges, Apples, Raisins, Almonds, Pecans, English Walnuts, Home-made Candies.
Tea, Coffee, Milk.

Those who delighted in dancing found enjoyment at McCarty's rink, where a very large number whiled away the hours in keeping time to the delightful music furnished by Beeson's orchestra, while others spent the time in a social way at the Phenix rooms, which were kindly tendered by its members. On the whole the evening of Saint John's Day was a grand success, an event that the Masons may well feel proud of.

ORGANIZATION OF ST. BERNARD LODGE.
St. Bernard Lodge was organized under dispensation August 31st, 1882, by Special Deputy Grand Master C. S. Wicks, of Fredonia, Kansas, with the following officers:

W. M.—P. W. Beamer.
S. W.—J. T. Whitelaw.
J. W.—H. P. Myton.
Treasurer—S. Galland.
Secretary—Otto Müller.
S. D.—W. I. Harwood.
J. D.—R. P. Adams.
S. S.—R. H. McElwain.
J. S.—R. W. Evans.
Tyler—Wm. Powell.

The membership consisted of "H. J. Fringer, B. A. Jones, F. C. Zimmerman, J. B. Browne, J. C. Overly, J. H. Crawford, J. H. Conrad, W. J. Miller, W. F. Peillon, R. G. Cook and W. H. Chapman."

In February, 1883, the lodge was granted a charter, and was instituted and officers installed in April, 1883. They first met in the old frame building on corner First avenue and Chestnut street, known as Odd Fellow's Hall. When this building was destroyed by fire in the fall of 1885, they removed to the Marsh building, and last September moved to their present elegant quarters. The lodge has had a healthy growth and today numbers ninety members.

VISITING BROTHERS.

The following members with name and number of lodge, were registered:

Tyrian, No. 246, Garden City, Kansas: Judd B. Light, W. O. Carter, W. M. Kennison, R. M. Lawrence, J. L. Diesem Jas. Netherton, J. W. Taylor and L. Kerstein.

Bucklin, U. D., Kansas: R. F. Seoffen and wife, Jackson Coffey, H. Sillett, B. Hunt and wife, H. H. Keener, Rev. J. W. Crouch and wife, S. W. Clark, W. F. Shepherd and ladies, A. S. Dempsey and wife.

Preston, No. 283, Cimarron, Kas: Dr. G. C. Nichols and wife and J. L. Cox. Emerald, No. 289, Lakin, Kas: F. L. Pierce and J. M. Judd.

Masseyville, No. 444, Illinois: Peter Mercereaux.

Magnolia, No. 231, Kansas: Geo. S. Bosworth.

Galva, No. 243, Illinois: J. L. Finley.

Morning Dawn, No. 7, Ohio: William Lawson.

Ontario, No. 416, New York: G. G. Gilbert.

Comanche, No. 296, Coldwater, Kas: E. T. Bidwell.

Larned, No. 167, Kansas: Geo. W. Flauay.

Alpha, No. 282, Jetmore, Kas: Edward Waters.

Richfield, No. 303, Kansas: Jesse Taylor and L. C. Rohrbach.

No. 352, Ohio: Daniel Taylor.

Hesperian, No. 111, Kas: H. B. Henderson.

Erie Lodge, Kas: G. W. McMillen.

Mount Moriah, No. 179, Kinsley, Kas: Rev. S. E. Busser.

Mendon, No. 137, Michigan: Dr. D. D. Euse.

Acacia, No. 45, Maryland: H. S. Nones.

The Commissionership.

The following letter was received Saturday by B. F. Stocks:

DEAR SIR: I transmit herewith a copy of the order appointing you United States Commissioner for the district of Kansas, also oath which you will acknowledge and send to me. Yours truly, GEO. F. SHARRETT, Clerk U. S. Circuit Court.

Hon. B. F. Stocks, who has been appointed to the position of United States Commissioner, is well known here and his many friends will be pleased to learn of his promotion. Mr. Stocks came to Garden City unknown to most of the people, but through his honesty and integrity has worked up a custom, both before the courts and the land office, which is second to none. His conscientious manner of doing business has won him hosts of friends. Mr. Stocks succeeds Mr. Burgess who resigned the position when he moved to Salt Lake City. We wish him success in his new office.

The annual advertisement to the Press (New York) will be found elsewhere in our columns. We commend the Press to the attention of our readers. The paper is but two years old, but it is so cheap so bright, and so earnestly republican that it already has a greater circulation than any other republican daily paper in America, having attained a national reputation and influence. Republican patronage from all over the country is making the Press a great success, and an already bright paper is being daily improved. About the 15th of December the Press daily edition will be enlarged to six pages.

THE government surveying corps that have been at work in the southwest for the past few months have decided that Jetmore is 114 feet lower than the Arkansas river at Dodge City.—Jetmore Sunflower.

Receiver's Appointment.

Having been appointed receiver of the estate of Webster & Bond in the case of H. L. Sittler, et al. vs. O. A. Bond et al, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said firm to call and settle their accounts at once and thereby save trouble and expense.

GEO. GROBETZ, Receiver.

To Whom It May Concern.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed his petition in the Probate Court of Ford county, Kansas, praying that a permit to sell liquor according to law shall be issued by said court to applicant and that said petition will be heard on the 18th day of January 1890, at two o'clock p. m.

EDWIN R. GARLAND.

Reduced Rates for the Holidays.

The Santa Fe route will sell tickets during the holidays at one fare for the round trip, to all points on its lines within 200 miles of selling station. Tickets will be on sale December 24th, 25th and 31st, 1889, and January 1st, 1890. They will be limited to January 3rd, 1890, and will be good for passage in either direction up to and including that date. For tickets and information regarding train service, connections etc, call on FRED GARDNER, Agent, Dodge City Station.

Or address, GEO. T. NICHOLSON, G. P. & T. A. A. T. & S. F. R. R. Topeka, Kansas.

Branch Office of the

McKinley Mortgage & Debenture

COMPANY.

Farm Loans Made Promptly. Money Constantly on Hand. No Delay in Closing Loans. Money Paid when Papers are Signed.

First National Bank Building, DODGE CITY, KANS. 13-1 W. T. COOLIDGE, MANAGER

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Special Correspondence to the GLOBE-REPUBLICAN.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 27.—The republican members of the house express themselves as well satisfied with Speaker Reed's list of committees. There has been, they say, a general recognition of the leading men on both sides in the make-up of the more important committees, a pretty even distribution of the chairmanships so far as the various states and sections are concerned, and it is conceded that there has been an efficient arrangement of the membership, and one, too, that will enable the accomplishment of much legislation this winter. Under ordinary circumstances the republican members make better workers than their political adversaries, and, as a result, when the house is under their control, the chances of a successful legislative season are considerably enhanced.

Although the holiday recess has commenced, many of the members intend to remain here and get their committees in good working order. There is plenty of work before them, too, and the experienced men know that the chances of getting their pet measures through are greatly increased by having them early on the calendar. In consequence of this, there will be considerable of a struggle for precedence when the house meets again, as about every important committee will have measures of prominence ready for presentation. The appropriation committee will have several of the smaller general appropriation bills ready for action by the time the holidays are over, and the ways and means committee will also have made much progress in the investigation of tariff matters.

A feature of the new congressional directory, and one that is pretty generally followed by the new members, is the precision with which they affirm that they are married, one man going so far as to state that he has been twice a widower. The older members are evidently not so anxious to have it known that they are husbands and fathers, for they scrupulously avoid all reference to the matter. Another fact that is made apparent in these short biographical sketches of the lives of our sons, is the comparatively few college graduates who are in congress. On the contrary, the statement most generally used is that they worked on a farm in summer and attended the country schools in winter. The large proportion of members, too, were in the army, either on one side or the other, but the generals and higher officers are not so conspicuous as they were, the privates now coming forward in large numbers, which goes to show that the younger men are now crowding to the political front. The member who furnishes the longest sketches is Charles Augustus Hill, of Illinois, and he tells of every battle he participated in, while Henry G. Turner, of Georgia, has the least to say, as he only gives his age and the number of times he has been elected to congress.

The composition of the committee on rivers and harbors is such that liberal appropriations will be made for this important class of public works. The members taken from both political parties are favorably disposed toward such improvements. It is the intention of General Henderson, the chairman of the committee, to have it get down to hard work at once, in order that the river and harbor bill can be passed through the house earlier in the session than has been customary, and in this way prevent its final defeat because of the want of time to give it proper consideration as no bill was passed at the last session, it is anticipated that the total appropriations for river and harbor improvements this year will amount to at least twenty million dollars.

The democratic party intends to keep up its record of hostility to the soldiers. Concerning the proposed extension of the pension laws, in the bills which have been presented by Senator Ingalls and others, it was recently observed by Senator Vest, of Missouri, that "The soldier vote is up at auction. The republican leaders are bidding for the soldier vote, and I for one shall oppose their action. I have voted for pensions when I felt that I was giving away the money of the people; giving it away needlessly, solely because of my former connection with the confederacy. I have felt that I ought not to vote against pensions, lest the cry of 'rebel' should go up throughout the land, and my motives be misconstrued. Now, however, I shall go no further. I shall not permit partisanship to dig its hands into the public treasury and drag therefrom the saving of the people, to distribute among a class. I have been driven to the wall, and I shall vote against all general pension legislation."

There is the story, dressed in his own best words; but it expresses the intention of the democratic leaders. The majority of them are fellows who tried to destroy this republic, and now, by the clemency of a high-minded North, they were permitted to enter the halls of legislation and obstruct the will of the people, in the matter of voting pensions for the men who bared their breasts to the leaden hail of these organized rebel mobs.

The democratic party is, however, not only the organized ignorance and crime of this country but it is the organized hypocrisy and rebellion. There is no patriotism in it. There is no progress or advancement in it. The democratic party is composed entirely of obstructionists who cry "No" to every proposition for the ennobling of the race; a party which cries "You shan't," to every onward movement of the republican party. Nevertheless, the republican party goes right along, and will continue its triumphal march.

The democrats in the house are not altogether satisfied with their prospects for making an effective fight this session. It is urged by many of them that Mr. Carlisle is too conservative a man to wage a successful partisan warfare, and besides, it is thought that he is a little too lazy to be up and doing at all times. They would be much better pleased with Sam Randall for a parliamentary leader, if his physical condition was good. Mills, of Texas, their next best man, has not the full confidence of his party. He has never been a congenial spirit with them; too irascible in temper; and a little too exclusive to suit the average democratic statesman. They have, it is true, one fighting man in Oates of Alabama, who has but one arm, having lost the other during the war, but his mental standard has never been gauged at the highest. While the democrats are thus, in a measure, somewhat demoralized, the republicans, on the other hand have a thorough organization and a discipline pretty nearly perfect. There is another great point in favor of the last-named party, and this is the regularity of their attendance upon the sessions of the house which has never been in strong contrast to the absenteeism of democrats. Taken all in all, therefore, there is every prospect of the republicans being masters of the situation when congress again gets down to work. As for leaders, there are, as is well known, a plenty of them, or rather, a number of able men with long experience in legislation, from which to select, leaving aside McKinley and Cannon who will have the practical management of affairs. As far as indications go, therefore, the republicans will have a satisfactory superiority in the lower branch of congress, in addition to the fact of majority in numbers being with them.

ARMAT.

SUNSHINE AND MOONLIGHT.

Another Christmas and New Year's Annual, by "A Man," of the Rock Island Route, Now Ready for Distribution.

The "Boys and Girls of America," an adults as well, who have read the instructive pages of "Watt-Stephen" (1885), "Voltagal," (1886), "Petroleum," (1887), "Coal and Coke," (1888), and "Iron and Steel," (1889), will be pleased to know that the latest and brightest of the famous Rock Island series, "Sunshine and Moonlight," (1890) now confidently awaits that chorus of approval which welcomed each of its predecessors.

"A Man" invites the attention of his inquisitive boy and girl visitors this year to wonders in the heavens above, revealed by the telescope. He tells them all about the sun, moon, planets, satellites, fixed stars, comets, and their movements, and explains the laws by which they are governed. The achievements of science in the field of astronomical research are presented in language so clear as to be easily understood by all readers. The book fascinates, while it elevates and improves.

"Sunshine and Moonlight" comprises 112 pages, profusely illustrated with choice engravings. Its covers are ornamented with appropriate designs, beautifully printed in colors. Practically, it is a Christmas gift to the patrons and friends of the Rock Island Route, at will be sent post-paid to any part of the world (as also previous issues, if desired) at the nominal price of ten cents per copy. Write your address plainly, and inclose ten (10) cents stamps or coin, to JNO. SEABASTIAN, T. & P. A., Chicago.